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# COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS / FLOW PHYSICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS – 3<sup>ème</sup> année cycle ingénieur

## Estia

Second diplôme : Master of science « Computational Fluid Dynamics » de l'Université de Cranfield

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### Course details : MODULES

#### MODULE INTRODUCTION TO FLUID MECHANICS AND HEAT TRANSFER

##### Aim

To introduce the foundations of fluid mechanics, various formulations of governing equations and their mathematical properties in order to establish a firm basis for other modules.

##### Syllabus

Introduction to thermodynamics of gases and liquids  
Introduction to heat transfer  
Compressible flows  
Incompressible flows  
Dimensional analysis and similarity parameters  
Mathematics of governing equations, classification of PDEs  
Model equations for fluid dynamics  
Introduction to unstable and turbulent flows.

#### MODULE NUMERICAL METHODS AND HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING

##### Aim

To introduce the basics of numerical analysis and numerical methods for partial differential and algebraic equations, relevant to Computational Fluid Dynamics, and how to efficiently employ the latest technologies of high performance computing (HPC) for numerically solving these equations.

##### Syllabus

- Introduction to numerical analysis
- Discretisation approaches: finite difference, finite volume, finite element and spectral methods
- Numerical methods for algebraic equations/systems of equations
- Numerical schemes for hyperbolic, parabolic and elliptic systems and for fluid dynamics.
- Desktop versus distributed computing facilities
- Hardware and software aspects of HPC
- Parallel computing challenges and main issues
- Parallelisation approaches for distributed and shared memory systems. MPI & OPENMP
- Current CFD process with respect to partitioning and distributed computing and related bottlenecks
- Whole HPC product applications

#### MODULE NUMERICAL MODELLING FOR INCOMPRESSIBLE FLOWS

Module Leader

Dr Laszlo Konozy

Aim

To understand the state-of-the-art CFD methods used for computing incompressible flows in science and engineering.

Syllabus

- Overview of various formulations of the governing equations and numerical methods for incompressible flows (linear & high-resolution methods)
- Solution approaches: pressure Poisson, projection (approximate and exact), artificial compressibility
- Centred schemes
- TVD and Riemann solvers for incompressible methods
- Second and high-order methods (time and spatial discretise)

## MODULE NUMERICAL MODELLING FOR COMPRESSIBLE FLOWS

Module Leader

Dr Panagiotis Tsoutsanis

Aim

To introduce basic concepts in the discretisation and numerical solution of the hyperbolic systems of partial differential equations describing the flow of compressible fluids.

Syllabus

- Mathematical properties of hyperbolic systems
- Conservation Laws
- Non-linearities and shock formation
- WENO schemes
- MUSCL schemes Introduction to the Riemann problem
- Lax-Wendroff scheme
- Introduction to Godunov's method
- Flux vector splitting methods
- Approximate Riemann solvers
- Explicit and implicit time-stepping schemes

## MODULE TURBULENCE MODELLING

Aim

To introduce students to closure methods for the Navier-Stokes equations as applied to turbulent and transitional flows, and the classical physical modelling approximations required to achieve this. To introduce the advanced turbulence modelling approaches used in Computational Fluid Dynamics such as Large Eddy Simulations and Direct Numerical Simulations.

Syllabus

- Introduction to Reynolds Averaged Navier Stokes Modelling
- Zero, One and Two equation models
- Reynolds Stress Transport Schemes
- Low-Re Modelling
- Transition Modelling Extensions
- Best Practice Guidelines
- Overview of the basic equations used in LES, including filtered and unfiltered formulations
- Classical LES and sub-grid scale models
- Implicit LES (numerical and physical principles)
- Numerical and physical properties of DNS
- Applications and challenges for LES and DNS

## MODULE GRID GENERATION / CAD

Aim

To introduce the concepts of grid generation, including structured and unstructured approaches. To provide hands-on experience using commercial CAD and grid generation packages.

#### Syllabus

- Computer aided design interface with grid generation
- Geometry Modelling and Surface Grids
- Algebraic Mesh Generation
- Structured Meshes from Partial Differential Equations
- Automatic generation of Unstructured Meshes
- Multiblock Mesh Generation
- Unstructured grids by Delaunay Triangulation
- Mesh Adaptation on Unstructured Grids
- Unstructured Grids for Viscous Flows
- Grid generation tutorials with ANSYS-Icem-cfd and Pointwise commercial software.

## MODULE DATA ANALYSIS AND UNCERTAINTY

#### Aim

To provide an introduction into the use of visualisation, data mining, and interactive human-computer interfaces for the analysis and interpretation of CFD simulations. Visualisation can be a critical component in helping an engineer gain insight into the typically complex optimization problems that arise in design. Through the combination of visualisation and user interaction in computer tools, the engineer's insight can help guide the computer in the process of identifying better, more effective designs. Visualisation can also be combined with automated data mining techniques to improve optimization procedures.

To provide hands-on experience using both commercial and community developed visualisation packages.

To introduce the concepts of error and uncertainty and how they relate to the credible numerical solution of the partial differential equations encountered in computational fluid mechanics.

#### Syllabus

- Data interchange formats
- Interpretation of data
- Graphical representation of data
- Parallel data visualisation
- Data mining, reduced order modelling, model identification and surrogate models
- Data fusion
- Virtual reality visualisation
- The right answer: consistency, stability and convergence revisited
- Taxonomies of error and uncertainty
- Principles of code verification
- Introduction to the method of manufactured solutions
- Principles of solution verification
- Role of systematic iterative and space-time grid convergence studies
- Richardson extrapolation
- Principles of validation
- Construction of validation hierarchies

## MODULE THE ROLE OF EXPERIMENTAL DATA IN CFD

#### Aim

To provide an introduction into practical techniques for experimental data collection and its subsequent post-processing. To contrast the resultant data representation with that obtained through CFD simulation.

#### Syllabus

Introduction to the measurement of turbulent flows  
Velocity and pressure measurement by aerodynamic probes  
Velocity measurement by hot-wires/hot-film

Velocity measurement by optical techniques  
Temperature measurement  
Simple optical visualisation, Shadowgraph, Schlieren  
Laser-based temperature and species measurements  
Laser Induced Fluorescence  
Skin friction, convective and radiative heat transfer  
Error analysis.

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## Elective modules

**A selection of modules from the following list need to be taken as part of this course**

### CFD FOR AEROSPACE APPLICATIONS

Module Leader  
Dr Panagiotis Tsoutsanis

**Aim**  
To understand the key features of CFD methods used for simulating external flows in aeronautical and aerospace applications.

**Syllabus**  
Overview of external flow problems in aeronautical and aerospace applications  
CFD methods for subsonic, supersonic and hypersonic regimes  
CFD methods for design  
Application examples.

### CFD FOR MICRO AND NANO FLOWS

**Aim**  
To introduce micro- and nano- scale phenomena and CFD methods used for micro and nanoscale applications.

**Syllabus**  
Introduction to micro- and nano- scale phenomena  
Areas of CFD application in micro- and nanoscience  
Borderline continuum/molecular models and their domains of applicability  
Multiscale modelling.

### CFD FOR ROTATING WINGS

**Aim**  
To introduce the numerical approaches required to meet the challenges of flows associated with rotating wings, including rotorcraft, propellers, wind turbines and turbomachinery.

**Syllabus**  
Introduction to rotary wing aerodynamics  
Formulation of the governing equations in a rotating inertial frame of reference  
Numerical approaches to vortex capturing  
Blade dynamics as an example of fluid-structure interaction  
Formulation of the governing equations for moving/deforming grids  
Numerical modelling of dynamic stall.

## CFD FOR AUTOMOTIVE FLOWS

### Aim

To increase the awareness of the students regarding the representative flow physics and flow structures usually encountered in automotive flows, the main challenges that arise for modelling them, and the state-of-the-art approaches for modelling them.

### Syllabus

- Application Areas for CFD in automotive engineering
- Choice of CFD technique appropriate to the problem
- CFD as a Complement to Experiment
- High Performance Computing & Design Optimisation
- Analysing Results
- Lattice Boltzmann methods
- RANS, LES, DES and VLES in the context of automotive flows
- Differentiation between Time-Averaged Flow Field and steady-state average solutions
- Unsteady Flow Simulations concepts (Strouhal number, vortex shedding, time averaging, time-step selection, convection times)
- Stopping criteria for unsteady simulations.
- Meshing concept (near wall modelling, Immersed boundary methods, sliding meshes)
- Non-zero yaw modelling and crosswind simulation strategies
- Reference geometries (Ahmed, Drivair, Windsor)

Wide range of commercial/open-source software packages can be used including: Pointwise, ICEM, STAR CCM+, Fluent, OpenFoam, Powerflow.

## CFD FOR MULTIPHASE FLOWS AND COMBUSTION

### Aim

To introduce physics of multiphase flows and combustion as well as numerical methods for the simulation of multiphase and reacting flows. To provide examples of applications.

### Syllabus

Physical insight into multiphase and reacting flows  
Governing equations and models for multiphase flows & combustion  
Numerical methods for multiphase and reacting flows.  
Particle tracking methods  
Examples of applications.

## CFD FOR ENVIRONMENTAL FLOWS

### Aim

To introduce the application of CFD to environmental flows in urban, inland and coastal environments.

### Syllabus

Atmospheric boundary layer  
Pollution dispersion in the atmosphere  
Rivers, estuaries and tidal flows  
Sediment transport  
Building and urban aerodynamics  
Free-surface and shallow-water flows.

## CFD FOR FLUID-STRUCTURE INTERACTION

### Aim

To introduce Fluid Structure Interaction (FSI) models and associated computational challenges. To provide examples of FSI problems arising in engineering applications.

## Syllabus

Introduction to FSI

Physical models (Classical models, Distinction between linear and nonlinear models), Time-linearised models,

Nonlinear dynamical models, Reduced-order models

Computational challenges of FSI modelling

Examples of applications.